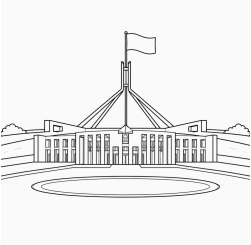


SEPARATION OF POWERS — SORTING MAT

Name: _____ Date: _____

Sort eighteen cards from pages 2–3. Place cards under the action they describe, or write their numbers.



Legislature / Parliament

Makes and changes laws.

Cards: _____



Executive

Administers government and puts laws into effect.

Cards: _____



Judiciary / courts

Interprets and applies law in cases before courts.

Cards: _____

Australia's separation of powers is not complete: ministers are also members of Parliament. Sort the action described, not every role a person may hold.

SEPARATION OF POWERS — CARDS

Name: _____ Date: _____

Sort by the action. Cut or copy the numbers.



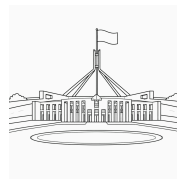
1. Parliament making legislation



2. Ministers directing government programs



3. Courts hearing legal cases



4. Debating a bill



5. Government departments administering services



6. Judges interpreting laws in cases



7. Voting on legislation



8. Public servants processing lawful applications



9. Hearing evidence in a dispute

Minister and public-servant cards describe executive duties here. Ministers also have parliamentary roles.

SEPARATION OF POWERS — CARDS

Name: _____ Date: _____

Sort by the action. Cut or copy the numbers.



10. Considering a bill amendment



11. Delivering a program under law



12. Deciding how law applies to facts



13. House and Senate agreeing to a bill



14. Managing a government service



15. Giving a judgement in a case



16. Changing legislation



17. Administering an approved grant scheme



18. Resolving a legal dispute

Minister and public-servant cards describe executive duties here. Ministers also have parliamentary roles.