

CIVICS CAUSE AND EFFECT

Name: _____ Date: _____

Draw arrows from causes to matching effects. Use each effect once on this page.



1. People elect parliamentary representatives.

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A. Voters decide at a referendum under that process.

2. Both Houses agree to identical bill text.

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B. It passes the general double-majority test.

3. A proposed constitutional alteration follows section 128.

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C. Elected representatives sit in Parliament.

4. A referendum has a national YES majority and four YES states.

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D. The bill normally proceeds towards Royal Assent.

Explain a connection

Law-making and constitutional change follow required processes; they are not automatic consequences of simply having an idea.

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1. A court hears a legal dispute.

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A. The representative can consider that person's views.

2. A department administers a program under law.

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B. A Commonwealth government is created and states continue.

3. A person sends reasons to a representative.

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C. It applies and interprets law to decide the case.

4. The colonies federate in 1901.

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D. The executive puts law into effect.

Explain a connection

Law-making and constitutional change follow required processes; they are not automatic consequences of simply having an idea.